[men's] wives, or women under covert. (IAar, M, O, K. [In the CK, الحَرْمِ is erroneously put for صُقَّر Hence the epithet, [as some explain it,] occurring in a trad. [which see below]. (TA.)—And A cursing of such as is not deserving [thereof ] : pl. صمَارْ صُقُور. (K.)

صَقَرُ a name of IIell; a dial. var. of [q. v.]. (K.) =صَقَرْ Fallen leaves of the [kind of trees called] عضًاه, عُرْفط (M, and [particularly] of the K,) and of the , : not so called until they fall. (M.) $=$ See also صَمْرْ, in two places.

> , صَقِرْ مَقِرْ (S, (M, K,) or ) in which the latter word is an imitative sequent, (K,) Fresh ripe dates containing

 (í (in the CK, erroneously, [in sighted. (\$.gh, K.)
بِالصُقَارَى "بَآَ بالصُّقرٍ وَالْمُقرٍ (A, K, TA,) and (K, TA,) $\ddagger$ He came with lies, and excitements of dissension: (A, TA:) or nith sheer lying: (K:) or with sheer, and excessive, or abominable, lying: (TA:) each being a name for that which is unknown: (K, TA:) and in like manner one says بَالشُّقَارْى and وَالُقَارَّى ; mentioned by IDrd, in the Jm; and by Meyd, in the Collection of Proverbs. (TA in art. بقر.) [See also Har p. 399.]

> صَقْرَةٍ : صْقْرٌ in six places.

+ Water remaining in a watering-trough in which dogs and foxes void their urine, $(\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{K}$, TA,) altered for the worse in taste and colour.


صُضْرة [or dark, or ashy, dust-colour] thereof, or the blackness thereof, is mixed with redness or yellonness; as being likened to [the colour of] صَقْرَة
 مُصقَرْ : so in the book entitled "Ghareeb elHamám," by Ḥoseyn Ibn-'Abd-Allah el-Kátib El-Iṣbahánee. (TA.)
, صَقُور", (so in a copy of the M in two instances,
 in the $\mathbf{O}$ in another instance, and so accord. to the K, in which latter it is expressly likened to (, تُنَّوْ A wittol, or tame cuchold; syn. : خيُوثٌ : (M, K :) or one who acts the part of a pimp. to his own wives, or women under covert; as also ${ }^{*}{ }^{\prime}{ }^{\prime}$ : ( $\mathrm{O}:$ :) the former epithet occurring in a trad. (M, O.)
: صُقَارْى : see بِالصُقَرِروَالبُقَرِ, above.
[A falconer, or rearer of hamks. (Golius, from Meyd: and so in the present day.) $=$
 K.) $=$ Also + One who is in the habit of cursing ( $\mathbf{M}, \mathrm{O}, \mathbf{K}$ ) those who are not deserving [of being cursed $]$ : ( $\mathrm{M}, \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{K}:$ ) and + a calumniator: and
$\dagger$ an unbeliever. (M, O, K.) The Prophet, being asked the meaning of صَقَّارو, (M, TA,) or of (T, TA,) or of صَقَّارُونَ, (O,) occurring in a trad., said + Young people who shall be in the end of time, whose mutual greeting nill be mutual cursing. (T, M, O, TA.) See also صَقُورْ.

## صَعْورُ : صَقُورْ

صَاقِرْر , applied to a صَقْرٍ [or hawk] Sharp-sighted. (K.)

## صَاقُورْ see : صَوْقرْ

صَاقِرَةٍ A calamity, ( $\mathbf{M}, \mathbf{K}$, ) or a vehement calamity, ( $\mathbf{O}$, ) befalling. ( $\mathbf{M}, \mathbf{K}$.
(AA, Ṣ, M, K) with one slender head, with which stones are broken; (AA, Ṣ, M ;) i.q. مُعْوَر ; (AA, Ṣ, A ;) and صَوْقْرْ ${ }^{\circ}$ صignifies the same; ( $\mathbf{M}, \mathbf{K}$;) [but] this latter is expl. by IDrd as meaning a thick فَأُس with which stones are broken. (TA.) And + The tongue. (M, K.) - See also what next follows.
صَاقُورةٍ The inner side of the cranium, over the brain, (M, $\mathbf{K}, \mathrm{TA}$ ) as though it were the bottom of a borvl: in the T said to be termed ${ }^{\text {® }}$ " (TA.) - And صَاقُورةٌ, (M,) and الصَّاقُورةٌ (M, $\mathbf{K}$, ) a name of + The Third Heaven. ( $\mathbf{M}, \mathbf{K}$. )
صَوْقِرِيز A cry of a bird, (M, K, ) with a reiteration, (M,) resembling the sound of this word. (M, K.)

 these, ( $\mathrm{A} H \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{M}, \mathrm{K}$, ) has no verb. (M.)
Milk that is sour and disagreeable : (Ibn-
 sour. (TA in art. صهقر.)
Fresh ripe dates, (A,) or fresh ripe dates that have become dry, (S,) upon nhich is poured دِنس (S, A) of ripe dates, (A,) in order that they may become soft : and sometimes it occurs with $w$; for they often change $ص$ into when there is in the word or bor $\dot{\varepsilon}$ or $\dot{\mathcal{C}}$;
 or excellent fresh ripe dates, picked from the raceme, which are put into [earthen vessels of the kind called] بَسْسَاتِيق (in the TA erroneously written بَبَاتِّن )], and upon which صَقْر is poured: they remain moist and good all the year. ( $\mathrm{AH}, \mathrm{L}$, ) - And altered for the worse [in colour, as though صَضْ, i. e. دِبس, had been mixed with it]. (M. [Sce also and صَقْرَ the colour termed, ${ }^{\text {, }}$ 月ْرَ, q. v. (TÁ.)
One who hunts with havks. (A,* TA.)
مُصْتَرْدٌ
مُصْتِرِّر A day intensely hot : the two $\mathrm{s} s$ in this word are augmentative. (TA.) - See also مُصْمَرٌ

## صقع

1. صَقَعَهُ, (S., Mgh, O, K,) aor. = ( $(\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{Mgh}$,

K,) inf. n. صْعْ, (0,) He struck him, or beat him: (K:) or he struck [or slapped] him with his expanded hand: (TA ;) [like صُ صْ :] or, (S,
 him (S, Mgh, $\mathbf{O}, \mathbf{K})$ unon his head, ( $\mathbf{O}, \mathbf{K}$,) or upon his صَوْقَعَة (S, O,) [i. e.] upon the top of his head: (Mgh :) this last is the primary signification: and herce, metaphorically, he struck him, or beat him, in an unrestricted sense: ( $\mathrm{Mgh},{ }^{*} \mathrm{O}$, TA :) and he struck it, namely, a dry, or tough, and solid thing, with a similar thing; as, for instance, a stone with a stone, and the like: or, as some say, he struck it, namely, anything dry, or tough. (TA.) It is said in a trad., respecting Munḳidh, صُقِع امَةً i. e. He was struch on the top of his head: (0:) or he had his head broken so that the wound reached the membrane over his
 ( $0, \mathrm{~K}$ ) He thren him donn, or prostrated him, on the ground; ( K ;) [lit.] he smote the ground with him. (Ibn-'Abbád, O.) - And صَقَعْتَ
 thúnderbolt smoté him. (TA.) And صُقِّ He was smitten by a thunderbolt ; i. q. صُعِقَ; of the dial. of Temcem : ( $0:$ ) and so صَمصَع ; (K, TA; ) like صَعُق. (TA.) - And He branded him, or marked him by cauterizing, upon his
 And صَقَعَ الثَّرِيَةً, aor. and inf. n. as above, $H_{e}$ ate the ثريدة [or mess of crumbled breal with broth] from its صَوْقَعَة [or top, or upper part, or hollow made therein]. (TA. [See also Q. Q.1.]) $=$ صَقْغ also signifies The raising of the voice: ( $\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{TA}:$ ) and the uttering it by consecutive emissions. (TA.) You say, صَقَعَ بِصْوْتِ He raised his voice. (TA.) And hence, (TA,) صَقَعَ said of a cock, (S, O, K, ) aor. = ( 0, ) inf. n.
 He [crowed, or] uttered a cry: (IDrd, Ș, $\mathbf{O}, \mathbf{K}:$ ) and so سَقَعَ. (Ṣ.) - And, accord. to IAapr, The being eloquent in speech, and lighting upon the [proper] meanings. (TA.) - مَقَعَ بِضْرَّةُ, said of an ass, He conitted a sounding wind from the anus, in a moist and dispersed state. (Ibn-'Abbád, $\mathrm{O}, \mathbf{K}$.$) - صَقَعَ البَيْتَ He attached to the$ tent the rope called صِقًاع [q. v.]. (Az, O, TA.) - And صَقَعَ, (Ṣ, O, K, ) said of a man, (K,) He went avay, (S, O, K, TA,) فـى كُلِّ النَّوَاحى [in all directions]: (TA :) one says, مَا أَدْرَى أَيْنَ صَقَعَ, (S, O, TA, [but in the second, ý is put in the place of $\left[\begin{array}{l}0, \mathrm{O} \\ \text { ) and } \\ \text { بَقعَ }, ~(T A,) ~ m e a n i n g ~ I ~ k n o w ~\end{array}\right.$ not whither he went away: (O,TA:) and the verb is seldom used in this sense without the particle of negation. (TA.) Or it signifies, (K,)
 , صَقَعَ (S, O, K, TA,) and alighted, or descended and abode, alone, by himself: (TA:) or he deviated from the way of goodness and generosity. (IF, O, K, TA.) And صَمْعْ signifies The going astray; losing one's way; or becoming lost; and perishing;

