was, or became, unprosperous, unfortunate, unhappy, or miserable; (S:, Mṣb, TA;) شُتْى being

 of straitness, distress, adversity, or difficulty. (Az, K, TA.) [See also شَقَاوَةٌ below.] Also + He suffered, or experienced, fatigue, (TA, and Ksh and Bḍ and Jel in xx. 1,) فیى فَذَا (in such a thing]. (TA.) = شَقَاهُ : see 3 : - and 4.
3. شُشاقاهُ (K, (S, TA, TA) and :شقَّ: (TA,) He laboured, strove, or struggled, with him, to prevail, or overcome, (S, K, TA,) in war, or battle, and the like; (K, TA;) so in the $\mathrm{T} ;(\mathrm{TA} ;$ ) he struggled, or contended, with, or against, the difficulty, or trouble, or inconvenience, that he experienced from him; (S., TA;) syn.

 IIe endeavoured to surpass him in mutual labouring, or striving, or struggling, to prevail, or
 الشَّقاء, but the former seems to be the right reading, and may be best rendered in the mutual striving against difficulty,]) and he surpassed him [therein]. (K. [In the S., شَاقَانِ فُلِّنٍ فَشَقْوْتُهُ, aor. أشْعُوُ ; and only the latter verb as thus used is there explained.]) - مُشَاقَاةٌ signifies also + The treating[one] with hardness, harshness, or illnature. (TA.) - And $\ddagger$ The vying, one with another, in patience, or endurance : a rájiz says,

[When the two patient ones vie in endurance, he does not lag behind, almost, by reason of the weakness of powers, failing to haston in pace]: he means a camel vying with the attendant thereof in endurance of going. (TA.)
4. المُاهُ God caused him to be unprosperous, unfortunate, unhappy, or miserable;
 him to be in a state of straitness, distress, adversity, or difficulty : and so $\nabla^{\bullet}$ 'شَقَا (K.) $=$ And (مشْفُى He combed. (AZ, K. [See)
 or a simple subst. (Mṣb.)

ٌ شُقَ Unprosperous, unfortunate, unhappy, or miserable : (Ṣ, Mṣb, TA:) [or in a state of straitness, distress, adversity, or difficulty: (see its
 in the Kur [xix. 4, And Í have not been, in supplicating Thee, my Lord, unprosperous], means I have been one whose prayer has been answered. (TA.)
 subst. ; (Mṣb;) signifying Unprosperousness, \&c. ;


 norld ] : and the latter is of three kinds; نَفْسِهُ
[relating to the soul] and بَّنَّةٌ [relating to the body] and فَارِجْيةٌ [relating to external circumstances]. (Er-Rághib, TA.) - Also + Fatigue; syn. تَعَب"; but the latter has a more general signification ; every تعاوة being تعب but every تعب is not شقاوة. (TA.)

أَّةُ [More, and most, unprosperous, \&c. And] $\ddagger$ More [and most] futigued. (TA.)


1. شَشَقَ, inf. n. نَّبْ of a camel, It gren forth: a dial. var. of شَقَأِّا. (K in art. شقو [but belonging to the present art.: mentioned in the TA, as not in the K, on the authority of ISd].) - [Freytag states, as on the authority of Abu-l-'Alà, that شَقَّ He clave, or split, \&c. : _ and that Reiske has explained it as signifying $\boldsymbol{H e}$ opened the mouth with a wide grinning (" amplo rictu').]

شَاتٍ A long prominence, or projecting portion,
 TA,) that cannot be ascended: (TA :) by rule it

 and شُشْيًانٍ. (TA. [Mentioned in the $\mathbf{K}$ in art. ,شقو, but belonging to the present art.])

## شك

1. شَلَّ is intrans. by itself, and trans. by means
 يُشُّ verb of this class], inf. n. ${ }_{\text {and }}^{2}$, The thing, or case, or affair, was, or became, dubious, or confused: (Mṣb:) _ and شَّكّ فيه , (MA, K,) first 'pers. فیَهُكْتُ (S, Mśsb,) aor. as above, (JM, PṢ, \&c.,) and so the inf. n., (MA, \&c.,) He doubted, wavered or vacillated in opinion, or was uncertain, respecting it ; (MA, Msb, and so accord. to explanations of شُّكُ [q. v. infra] in the $S$ Msb and K \&c.;) syn. إْتْتَبَ; (Msb;) and
 (1. e. The case, or affair, was difficult, hard, distressing, \&c., to me] : (O, TA :) or, as some say, [was such that] $I$ doubted
 camel, (IAạ, S, K, ) aor. and inf. n. as above, (S,) He limped, or halted; or had a slight lameness, (IAạr, S., TA,) of his hind leg: (IAạr, TA:) or his arm stuch to his side, (K, TA,) and he had a slight lameness in consequence thereof:
 had a slight lameness; (Ibn-'Abbád, O, TA ;)
 The cleaving or sticking [of a thing to another thing]. (S, O, TA.) So in a verse of AbooDahbal El-Jumahee cited voce (S. one says, شَكَّت الرَّرِمر The relationship vas, or became, closely united. (O, TA. [See رُرحْرٌ شَاكُّ

and inf. n. as above, (TA,) Me put on [or around him,] or attired himself with, the arms, or neapons, completely, not leaving any of them; (TA;) [as though] he entered amid them. (K, TA.) $=$
 بالسَّهر the inf. n., (Msb, TA,) I pierced, or transpierced, him, or it, (طَعْنْهُهُ, Mṣb, or manner in the TA, but in my copies of the. S غَرقتَّهُ [meaning I made a hole in him, or it], and thus in one place in the TA, and إنْتَظْمْتُهُ S, O , and in like manner in the $\mathbf{K}$,) with the syear, (S, O, Mssl K, ) and with the arrow, \&c. : (TA :) but IDrd says that, accord. to some, by the conjoining two things with an arrow or a spear : (O, TA :) [thus,] فُشَلَّ رِبْلَهُ مُعْ رِكَابِهِ means And he clave and transpierced his leg, or foot, together with his stirrup. (Mgh.) [Hence,] شَكَكْتُ إلَيْهِ البِلَذْ I travcrsed, or crossed, or cut through, the countries, or districts, to him. (O, TA.) - And شُلَّ عُلَيه الثَّوْبُ The garment was put [or drann] together upon him, and fastencd with a thorn or a wooden pin: or was let down, or made to hang down, upon him. (TA.)
 row, or series, ( $\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{M}_{\mathbf{s b}}, \mathbf{K}$ ) in one reqular order, (T, TA,) near together. (Mṣb.) - Hence; الأرهِاءَ They made the relationships to be closely connected. (Msb.) And شُّكَّ He was made, or asserted, to be connected nith the lineage of another. (IAar, O.) - And شُعْكْتُ thing means $I$ drew and joined, or adjoined, it [to another thing]. (Mṣb.) [And I infixed it in, or thrust it into, another thing.] - مَا شُّكٌ
 phrase in a verse of El-Farezdak,] in which it forms an apodosis,] means قَارَن [i. e., app., Its friend (the snoord, or the spear, both of which are meanings of الـُعْليل,) nould not be conjoined (or grasped) with my hand]. (TA.) - شُكّ الـَّوْبَ He (the sewer) made the stitch-holes far apart [in seving the garment, or piece of cloth]. (O, TA.) [Thus the verb has two contr. meanings.] =شَبْكْتُ إلَيْهُ 'Abbád, O , and so in the K accord. to the TA, as also in the TK, in the CK and in my MS. copy
 it ; or trusted to, or relied upon, him, or it, so as to be, or become, easy, or quiet, in mind; or leaned, rested, or relied, upon him, or it; syn. رُكَنْتُ (Ibn-'Abbád, O, K.)
 He máde me to doubt, to waver or vacillate in opinion, or to be uncertain, respecting it ; (S, K, TA;) he threw me, or made me to fall, into doubt, \&c., respecting it. (O.)
$\left.\begin{array}{l}5: \\ 8:\end{array}\right\}$ see the first paragraph.
 [see 1 ;]) or the contr. of يَقْین ; (S, O, Msb, K;) by which explanation is meant $a$ wavering of
