BOOK I.]

a poet, (Ş, TA,) namely, Sá'ideh Ibn-Ju-eiyeh, (TA,) to the tracks of شِبْتَان. (Ş, TA.)

رَجُلْ تَسَبِعْ A man whose nature it is to cling, catch, cleave, or adhere, to a thing. (Ṣ, Ķ.) And ضَرْسٌ ضَبِتُ شَبِعْ [A tooth, or molar tooth,] that catches, or fastens, to a thing. (TA.)

who cleaves to his قُوْنَ أَسْبَنَهُ ضَبَنَهُ (K,) A man (TA) sary], not quitting him. (K, TA.)

[erroneously written in some copies of the K شبت , and in the L [شبت] A certain wellknown plant; (AHn, L, Msb;) a certain herb, or leguminous plant; (K;) [i. q. شبت and شبت, q. v.; i. e. anethum graveolens, or dill, of the common garden-species :] Sgh says that شبت is a foreign word of which سبت is an arabicized form; and it is made of the measure is an arabicized form; measure has many examples; whereas the measure is an instance, is extraordinary. (Msb.)

see what next follows.

and * شَبَّاتُ [so in the CK and in my MS. copy of the K, but the latter is strangely said in the TA to be with kesr,] sings. of شَبَابِيتُ which signifies The *flesh-hooks* (كَلَالِيب) of the fire. (K.)

an epithet applied to a spider : see 5.

1. شَبَحَة, (Ş, K,) inf. n. شَبَاحَة, (TK,) said of a man, (S,) He was, or became, broad in the fore arms: (S, K, TA:) or long therein. (TA.) = (A, O, Mgh, L, Msb, K,) aor. -, (K,) inf. n. شبخ, (TK,) IIe extended, stretched, or stretched out, it, or him; (A, O, Mgh, L, Msb, K;) namely, a thing; (IF, L, Msb;) a hide, or skin, (A, L, K,) or some other thing, (L,) between peys, or stakes; (K;) and a man, (Mgh, L, Msb,) between two things, to be flogged, (L,) [i. c.,] between two stakes inserted and fixed in the ground, (Mgh, Msb,) which are called عُقَابَان, (Mgh,) when he was beaten, or crucified, (Mgh, Msb,) or like him who is crucified ; and V is used, accord. to some, in the same manner. (L.) And in the extended, or stretched forth, his arms, or hands: (L:) or [alone] he extended his arm, or hand, to offer a prayer, or supplication; (K;) or he extended and raised his arms, or hands, in his prayer, or supplication. (A.) And الحرباً، يَشْبَح عَلَى العُود the chame-lcon extends (S, A, O) itself (S, O) or its fore legs (A) upon the branch. (S, A, O.) - Also, inf. n. as above, He cut, hewed, or pared, it, namely, a stick, or piece of wood, so as to make it mide. (O, L. [See also 2.]) - And He clave it, or split it, (K,* TA,) namely, another's head, or anything whatever. (TA.) _ شَبَعَ لَنَا _ He (a day]. (TA.) شہر — شبث

man, Ķ) stood erect [as though drawing himself up] to us. (O, Ķ.) — And نَشَبَحُ لَكُ It (a thing) appeared, or became apparent, to thee. (L.) = He was, or became, attached, or addicted, to an affair; or fond of it. (O.)

in two places : = and see also شَبَحٌ see شَبْحٌ.

(S, O, K) شَبْع (S, A, O, Mşb, K) and شَبْع (S, O, K) شَبْع (i. q. شَخْصُ [i. e. The body, or bodily or corporeal form or figure or substance, of a man or some other thing or object, which one sees from a distance]: (S, A, O, Msb, K:) a man, or some other creature, of which the in [or body, &c.,] appears to one: (L:) and a thing that is perceived by sense (A, O, L) and by sight : (O, L :) pl. أشباح, (A, O, Msb, K,) which is of the former, (A, Msb,) and [of the latter] . (K.) One says, تَسْخَصْ meaning, أَمْحَ لِى شَبْحَ [i. e. A body, or bodily form, appeared, loomed, or gleamed, to me]. (A.) And مَمْ أَشْبَاحٌ بِلَا أَرُوَاجِ They are bodies without souls]. (A.) And أَدَقٌ مِنْ شَبَح , a prov., (O,) مِنْ خَيْطِ بَاطِلِ A, O,) and مِنْ خَيْطِ بَاطِلِ meaning [More minute, or inconsiderable, than] the atoms that are seen in the rays of the sun entering from a mural aperture in a chamber : (A,* O:) or, as some say, than the thread that comes forth from the mouth of the spider; [meaning gossamer ;] called by the children and الأَسْمَاء ضَرْبَانِ أَسْمَاءَ أَشْبَاحٍ And (.0) الشَّيْطَانِ meaning [Nouns are of two sorts,] وأَسْهَاء أَعْهَال the names of things perceived by sense, and the names [of actions, or rather of accidents or attributes, i. e.] of other things; like as they say هَلَكَ And (A.) أَسْهَاءُ الْمَعَانِي and أُسْهَاءُ الأُعْيَانِ The known ones of his camels, and sheep أشباح ماله or goats, and other cattle, perished. (O, K.*) also significs A door or gate, of high شبخ also significs A door or gate, of high structure; (O, K;) and so * شبخ : (K:) [but the latter may have originated from a mistranscription; for Sgh says,] and so مُبَتَخ (0.) = See also

مَتْبَحَةُ or roof, of a house: so in a trad. where it is said, or roof of a house: so in a trad. where it is said, فَنَزَعَ سَعْفَ بَيْتِى شَبْحَةً شَبْحَةً the roof of my house, rafter by rafter, or timber by timber]. (JM, * TA.)

what is thus called is well known [as being A rope which is extended from a horse's fore leg to his hind leg: so in the present day]. (TA.)

a word occurring in the K and TA voce مُسَطَّ and in the TA voce محرّ as meaning A broad piece of wood]. منقلة signifies The two pieces of wood of the مُسْطَ , (O, K,) which is the thing upon which bricks are carried from place to place: the pl. is الشَبَتَ and [the coll. gen. n., of which مُسْطَ is the n. un., is] الشَبَتَ (O.)

whether with or without tenween is not apparent, as the fem. is not mentioned,] *Tall*; (AA, Ṣ, O, Ķ;) an epithet applied to a man. (TA.)

sing. of شبائے sing. of شبائے sing. of فبيحة Pieces of wood, (O, K,) broad, (O,) placed transversly, (O, K,) contrarivise, or on contrary sides, (O,) in the [camel's saddle called] (O, K) that is of wood: so expl. by Shujúa. (O.)

مُسْبَحْ , applied to a [garment of the kind called] , *Strong*, or *stout*: (O, K:*) or, as some say, *wide*. (O.) — And [applied to a stick, or piece of wood,] *Pared*, (K, TA,) and *cut*, or *hewed* [app. so as to be made wide: see 1]. (TA.) — And A species of fish.. (TA.)

Wide between the shoulders. (L.) — مُسْبُوح النَّرَاعَيْنِ and مُسْبُوح النَّرَاعَيْنِ broad in the fore arms: (S, K:) or long therein: but AAF and Ibn-El-Jowzee prefer the former explanation. (TA.) مُسْبُوح بِأَمْرِ Attached, or addicted, to an affair; or fond of it. (O.)

شبر

 أَسْبَرُ aor. ² (S, A, Mşb) and -, (S,) inf. n.
تُشْبِيرُ (IAar, S, Mşb, K;) and); شَبُرُ ; (IAar, K;) He measured by the mean [or span] (IAar, S, A, Msb, K) a garment, or piece of cloth, (S, K,) or a thing : (A, Msb :) from الشَّبُر; مَنْ لَكَ أَنْ (.S.) البَاعُ from بُعْتُهُ (.S.) t [Who will be guarantee for thee] تَشْبُرُ البَسِيطَة that thou wilt measure the earth with thy span?] is a prov. applied to him who imposes upon himself that which he is unable to accomplish. (A, pressed the noman. (TA.) ____, (ISk, S, A,) aor. - and -, (TA.) inf. n. as above; (S, K;) and * شبره (S, A,) inf. n. إشبار; (K;) and * شبره , inf. n. تشبيع ; (TS, TA;) He gave him (ISk, S, A, TS, K*) wealth, or property, (ISk, S, A,) or a sword, (ISk, S,) or a coat of mail. (S, IB.) aor. - , He exulted ; or exulted greatly, or excessively; and behaved insolently and unthankfully, or ungratefully. (TS, K, TA.)

2: see 1, in two places. __ Also شَبَوْرَ (AHeyth, K,) inf. n. تَشْبِيرُ, (AHeyth, TA,) He magnified him, or honoured him; namely, a man: (AHeyth, K, TA:) and made him a near companion, a familiar, or a favourite. (AHeyth, TA.)

4. اشبر He (a man) begat children tall in the i. e. statures: and he begat children short therein. (IAar, TA.) = اشبره : see 1.